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Dr. Wunderlich

Green Architectural Engineering

4/27/24

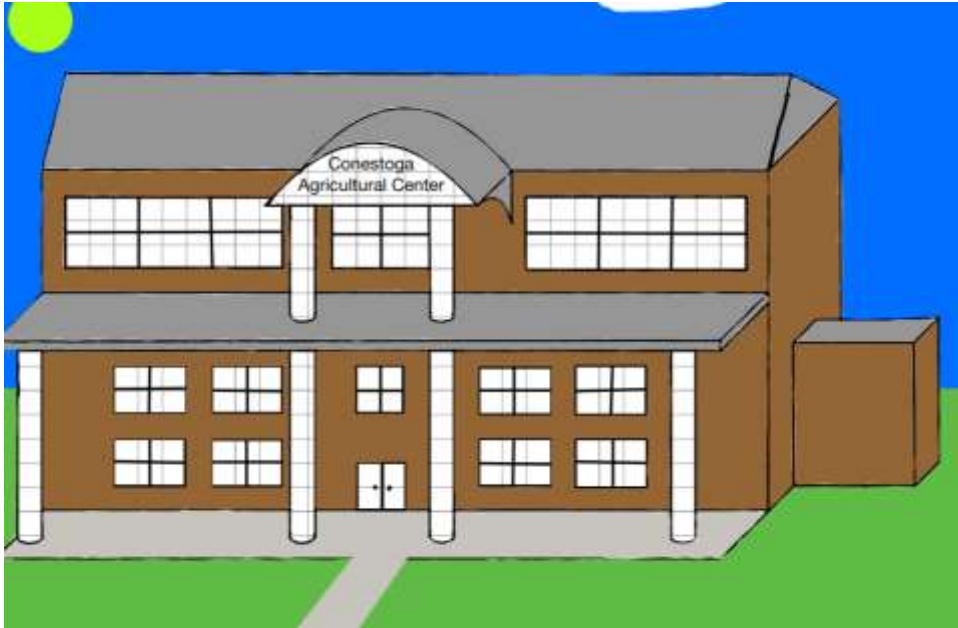
Project 2 LEED Platinum Development

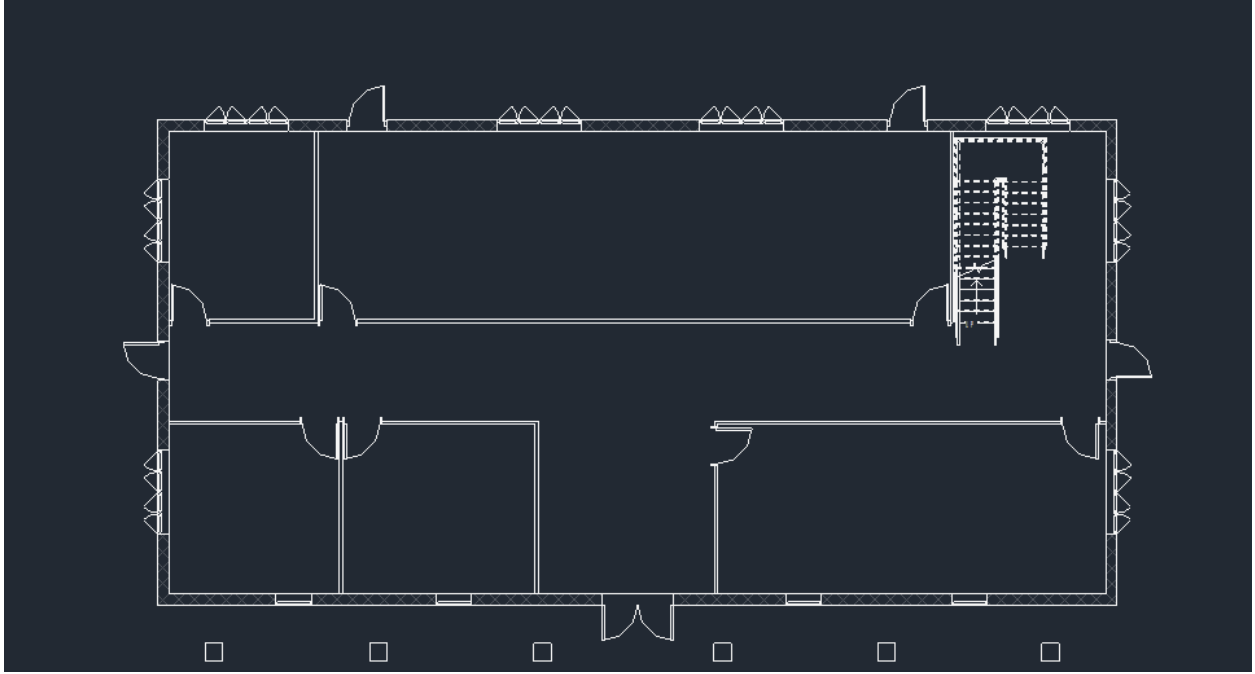
From our first LEED project, we wanted to take away some key components from our first designs. Firstly, taking our project to be climate and environmentally conscientious will go into our detailed design of the Conestoga Center for Agriculture. Promoting climate awareness, clever building designs by making the most of our environment, and making a walkable and intuitive addition to Elizabethtown College is our goal for this school of Agriculture. Building off these key ideas, we plan to incorporate the following features from each lecture into our school of agriculture:

1. Heat Transfer: Having weather stripping along doors and windows to keep heat inside will help significantly during winter months when less natural heat is coming in. Air exchanges are an important but challenging problem to overcome, especially since it's a very large, very populated location. Having a centralized HVAC system would be the standard for airflow and filtration, to fight against mold and particulates spreading and harming the building or people in it.
2. Prioritizing health and safety can come from systems not directly in the building's architectural features. However, we did learn of incorporating UV-C disinfection into the HVAC system to kill airborne pathogens while keeping airflow clean and clear of chemicals.
3. Using natural sunlight throughout the day and differing temperatures annually, we can cut back on energy consumption and cooling through window placement making the most of sunlight coming in, facing the southern side with our solar panels.
4. In the northern hemisphere, the sunlight brings in the most light on the southern side of buildings, so windows can bring in the most heat and solar panels the most energy.

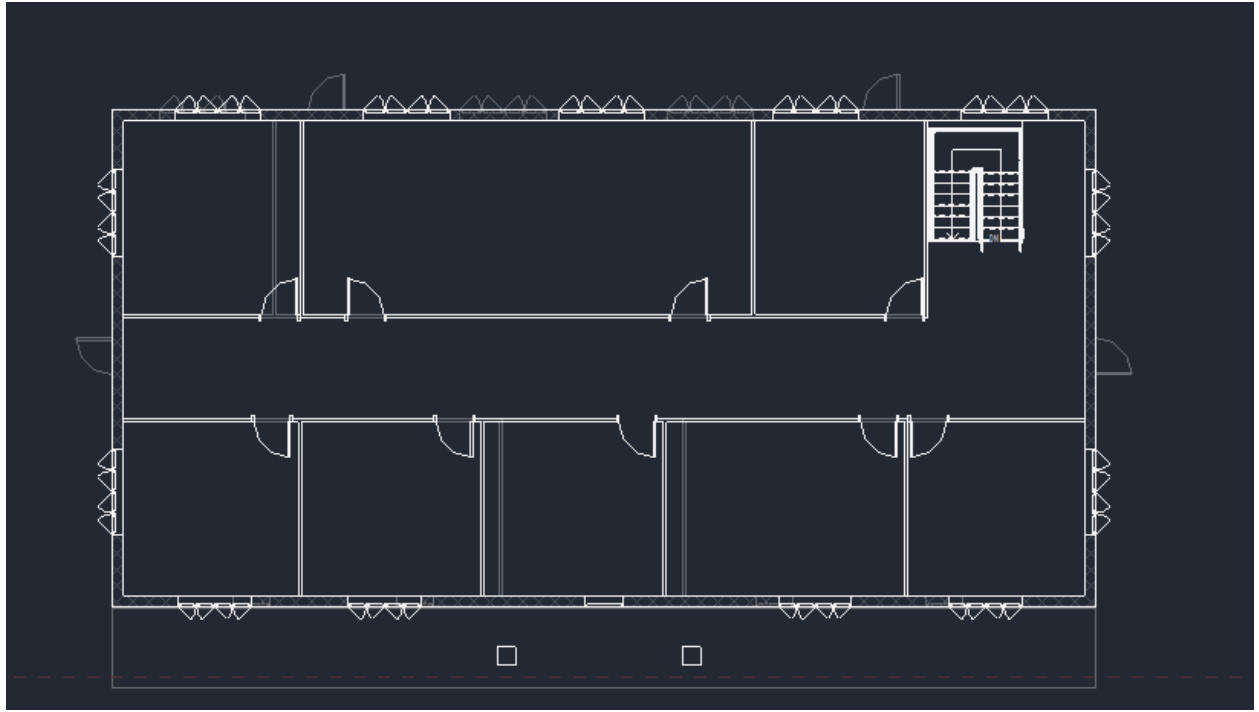
5. Passive solar heating is an implement that can be developed not only using windows and spacing, but interior design, such as darker colors like black, blue, and grey carpeting to soak in heat and release it into the room. Interior design can have warmer natural heat alongside one part of the building and dedicate more warm air circulation into places with less exposure to the sun.
6. As mentioned before, active solar heating can come from southern-facing solar panels, collecting energy during the day and either storing it or implementing it into the school's needs, like heating and airflow.
7. The way we are implementing passive heating and cooling is through our roof and overhang design allowing shielding from the harsh summer light and allow the lower winter sun to shine through and provide radiant heating.
8. Through our use of skylights, we aim to illuminate the second floor as well as the large lecture hall. For the first floor with our south face, we want to have a large auditorium with its primary light brought in through the windows.
9. With the use of automated window and controls during the evening when less power is being taken from the grid the windows on the top floor can open as well as the skylights allowing for the Venturi effect to occur and pass hot air to be replaced with cooler air cooling the building and reducing the energy consumption.
10. With proper insulation our thermal envelope should be high. The method we aim to use expanding foam, to offer the highest R per inch resulting in the lowest heat lost.
11. We aim to use water heating throughout our building due to it being the most comfortable, having the best MRT, can be integrated to a hot water system for floor heating and built into walls for cooling, and finally its quiet so it should cause no disturbance in classrooms.
12. By adding acoustic paneling to Ceiling's and selecting walls we can lower our STI making it, so professors have a more intelligible voice from more spots in the classroom.







Floor 1



Floor 2



LEED v4 for BD+C: New Construction and Major Renovation
Project Checklist

Project Name: *LEED Project 2*
Date: *4/28/24*

Y 7 N
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Integrative Process	1
0 0 0 Location and Transportation 16			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	LEED for Neighborhood Development Location	16
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Sensitive Land Protection	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	High Priority Site	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Surrounding Density and Diverse Uses	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Access to Quality Transit	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Bicycle Facilities	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Reduced Parking Footprint	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Green Vehicles	1
0 0 0 Sustainable Sites 10			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Site Assessment	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Site Development - Protect or Restore Habitat	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Open Space	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Rainwater Management	3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Heat Island Reduction	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Light Pollution Reduction	1
0 0 0 Water Efficiency 11			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Outdoor Water Use Reduction	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Indoor Water Use Reduction	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Building-Level Water Metering	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Outdoor Water Use Reduction	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Indoor Water Use Reduction	6
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Cooling Tower Water Use	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Water Metering	1
0 0 0 Energy and Atmosphere 33			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Fundamental Commissioning and Verification	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Minimum Energy Performance	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Building-Level Energy Metering	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Fundamental Refrigerant Management	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Enhanced Commissioning	6
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Optimize Energy Performance	18
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Advanced Energy Metering	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Demand Response	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Renewable Energy Production	3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Green Power and Carbon Offsets	2

0 0 0 Materials and Resources 13			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Storage and Collection of Recyclables	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Construction and Demolition Waste Management Planning	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Environmental Product Declarations	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Sourcing of Raw Materials	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Material Ingredients	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Construction and Demolition Waste Management	2
0 0 0 Indoor Environmental Quality 16			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prereq:	Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control	Required
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Enhanced Indoor Air Quality Strategies	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Low-Emitting Materials	3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Indoor Air Quality Assessment	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Thermal Comfort	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Interior Lighting	2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Daylight	3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Quality Views	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Acoustic Performance	1
0 0 0 Innovation 6			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Innovation	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	LEED Accredited Professional	1
0 0 0 Regional Priority 4			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cred:	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
0 0 0 TOTALS Possible Points: 110			

Certified: 40 to 49 points, Silver: 50 to 59 points, Gold: 60 to 79 points, Platinum: 80 to 110

84 points 2 LEED Platinum

Going through LEED criteria, our site for the Conestoga Center for Agriculture would be placed on surveyed ground, ensuring a clear, safe zone that avoids serious environmental impact, most especially for protected wildlife. Sustainable site design can come from gardens sprinkled around the perimeter of the school, to counteract the decrease in grass space. Utilizing the same water system as around campus to be both easy to integrate and follow the same plan to efficiently use and save water. Utilizing solar panels and the solar farm on campus are the best way to be self-sufficient on campus, though external energy use is likely needed due to sheer size. Waste management through trash and recycling areas seems to go hand in hand with an agriculture school, where food waste can be decomposed, and plastics can be sorted and recycled. Having a centralized HVAC system and making the most of sunlight to both provide warm and cool temperatures can keep the building comfortable all year long. Overall, an

agricultural school can shine as a strong example of what it means to build sustainably and teach others how to work and design for a better future.